

November 2017

Amity School District/4306
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Amity School District/4306

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Amity School District/4306

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Amity School District -- #4306

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Amity School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Amity School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Amity School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(22.03%)	(22.03%)	(22.03%)
Net pension contribution rate	11.07%	5.52%	10.25%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	11.56%	5.94%	10.67%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Amity School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$11,127,918	\$9,924,951
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	674,902	540,944
Side account	7,768,185	7,992,225
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	4,034,635	2,473,670
Combined valuation payroll	3,920,154	3,805,074
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	103%	65%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(22.03%)	(22.10%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$534)	\$18,476

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$7,992,225	\$7,992,225
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(775,716)	(775,716)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		552,676	552,676
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$7,768,185	\$7,768,185

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$7,768,185	\$7,992,225
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$7,768,185	\$7,992,225

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$7,768,185	\$7,992,225
2. Combined valuation payroll	3,920,154	3,805,074
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(22.03%)	(22.10%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Baker School District #5J/3003
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Baker School District #5J/3003

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Baker School District #5J/3003

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Baker School District #5J -- #3003

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Baker School District #5J to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Baker School District #5J.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Baker School District #5J

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(10.81%)	(10.81%)	(10.81%)
Net pension contribution rate	22.29%	16.74%	21.47%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	22.78%	17.16%	21.89%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Baker School District #5J

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$26,550,431	\$22,774,217
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,610,269	1,241,274
Side account	9,096,034	9,557,121
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	19,064,666	14,458,370
Combined valuation payroll	9,353,212	8,731,285
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	204%	166%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(10.81%)	(11.52%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,274)	\$42,396

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$9,557,121	\$9,557,121
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(1,113,311)	(1,113,311)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		653,224	653,224
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$9,096,034	\$9,096,034

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$9,096,034	\$9,557,121
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$9,096,034	\$9,557,121

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$9,096,034	\$9,557,121
2. Combined valuation payroll	9,353,212	8,731,285
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(10.81%)	(11.52%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Banks School District/4035
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Banks School District/4035

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Banks School District/4035

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Banks School District -- #4035

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Banks School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Banks School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Banks School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(5.22%)	(5.22%)	(5.22%)
Net pension contribution rate	27.88%	22.33%	27.06%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	28.37%	22.75%	27.48%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Banks School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$12,596,342	\$12,306,416
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	763,961	670,742
Side account	2,082,679	2,210,282
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	11,277,624	10,766,876
Combined valuation payroll	4,437,452	4,718,091
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	254%	228%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(5.22%)	(4.93%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$604)	\$22,909

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$2,210,282	\$2,210,282
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(275,781)	(275,781)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		149,178	149,178
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$2,082,679	\$2,082,679

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$2,082,679	\$2,210,282
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$2,082,679	\$2,210,282

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$2,082,679	\$2,210,282
2. Combined valuation payroll	4,437,452	4,718,091
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(5.22%)	(4.93%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Beaverton School District/4062
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Beaverton School District/4062

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Beaverton School District/4062

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Beaverton School District -- #4062

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Beaverton School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Beaverton School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Beaverton School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(8.86%)	(8.86%)	(8.86%)
Net pension contribution rate	24.24%	18.69%	23.42%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	24.73%	19.11%	23.84%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Beaverton School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$694,801,051	\$589,693,186
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	42,139,313	32,140,327
Side account	215,471,158	227,217,283
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	521,469,206	394,616,230
Combined valuation payroll	244,765,202	226,079,315
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	213%	175%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(8.86%)	(9.68%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$33,327)	\$1,097,764

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$227,217,283	\$227,217,283
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(2,000)	(2,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(27,187,225)	(27,187,225)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		15,443,100	15,443,100
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$215,471,158	\$215,471,158

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$144,280,936	\$153,863,926
Side Account 2	71,190,222	73,353,357
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$215,471,158	\$227,217,283

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$215,471,158	\$227,217,283
2. Combined valuation payroll	244,765,202	226,079,315
3. Average amortization factor	9.937	10.379
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(8.86%)	(9.68%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Bend-La Pine Public Schools/3291
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Bend-La Pine Public Schools/3291

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Bend-La Pine Public Schools/3291

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Bend-La Pine Public Schools -- #3291

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Bend-La Pine Public Schools to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Bend-La Pine Public Schools.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Bend-La Pine Public Schools

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(8.82%)	(8.82%)	(8.82%)
Net pension contribution rate	24.28%	18.73%	23.46%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	24.77%	19.15%	23.88%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Bend-La Pine Public Schools

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$247,478,077	\$217,008,287
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	15,009,413	11,827,705
Side account	69,155,708	72,828,894
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	193,331,782	156,007,098
Combined valuation payroll	87,181,822	83,197,646
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	222%	188%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(8.82%)	(9.21%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$11,871)	\$403,979

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$72,828,894	\$72,828,894
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(3,000)	(3,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(8,603,696)	(8,603,696)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		4,933,510	4,933,510
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$69,155,708	\$69,155,708

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$40,266,705	\$42,397,703
Side Account 2	24,392,164	25,691,576
Side Account 3	4,496,840	4,739,615
Total	\$69,155,708	\$72,828,894

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$69,155,708	\$72,828,894
2. Combined valuation payroll	87,181,822	83,197,646
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(8.82%)	(9.21%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Brookings-Harbor School District #17C/3283
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017

Brookings-Harbor School District #17C/3283

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Brookings-Harbor School District #17C/3283

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Brookings-Harbor School District #17C -- #3283

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Brookings-Harbor School District #17C to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Brookings-Harbor School District #17C.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Brookings-Harbor School District #17C

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(16.02%)	(16.02%)	(16.02%)
Net pension contribution rate	17.08%	11.53%	16.26%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	17.57%	11.95%	16.68%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Brookings-Harbor School District #17C

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$21,791,886	\$19,208,758
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,321,666	1,046,944
Side account	11,054,585	11,632,862
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	12,058,967	8,622,840
Combined valuation payroll	7,676,867	7,364,343
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	157%	117%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(16.02%)	(16.62%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,045)	\$35,759

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$11,632,862	\$11,632,862
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(2,000)	(2,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(1,351,573)	(1,351,573)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		775,297	775,297
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$11,054,585	\$11,054,585

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$6,915,027	\$7,278,664
Side Account 2	4,139,558	4,354,198
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$11,054,585	\$11,632,862

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$11,054,585	\$11,632,862
2. Combined valuation payroll	7,676,867	7,364,343
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(16.02%)	(16.62%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Canby School District/4333
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Canby School District/4333

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Canby School District/4333

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Canby School District -- #4333

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Canby School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Canby School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Canby School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(18.80%)	(18.80%)	(18.80%)
Net pension contribution rate	14.30%	8.75%	13.48%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	14.79%	9.17%	13.90%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Canby School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$70,370,769	\$59,136,997
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	4,267,950	3,223,172
Side account	41,910,738	43,677,576
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	32,727,981	18,682,593
Combined valuation payroll	24,790,284	22,672,217
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	132%	82%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(18.80%)	(20.27%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$3,375)	\$110,089

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$43,677,576	\$43,677,576
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(2,000)	(2,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(4,739,918)	(4,739,918)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		2,975,080	2,975,080
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$41,910,738	\$41,910,738

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$18,455,755	\$19,244,514
Side Account 2	23,454,983	24,433,062
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$41,910,738	\$43,677,576

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$41,910,738	\$43,677,576
2. Combined valuation payroll	24,790,284	22,672,217
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(18.80%)	(20.27%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Cascade School District #5/4334
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Cascade School District #5/4334

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Cascade School District #5/4334

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Cascade School District #5 -- #4334

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Cascade School District #5 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Cascade School District #5.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Cascade School District #5

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(16.91%)	(16.91%)	(16.91%)
Net pension contribution rate	16.19%	10.64%	15.37%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	16.68%	11.06%	15.79%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Cascade School District #5

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$29,795,939	\$25,807,163
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,807,108	1,406,580
Side account	15,967,499	16,789,219
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	15,635,548	10,424,524
Combined valuation payroll	10,496,543	9,894,070
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	149%	105%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(16.91%)	(17.85%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,429)	\$48,042

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$16,789,219	\$16,789,219
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(1,955,319)	(1,955,319)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,134,600	1,134,600
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$15,967,499	\$15,967,499

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$15,967,499	\$16,789,219
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$15,967,499	\$16,789,219

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$15,967,499	\$16,789,219
2. Combined valuation payroll	10,496,543	9,894,070
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(16.91%)	(17.85%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Central School District #13J/3859
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Central School District #13J/3859

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Central School District #13J/3859

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Central School District #13J -- #3859

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Central School District #13J to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Central School District #13J.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Central School District #13J

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(13.73%)	(13.73%)	(13.73%)
Net pension contribution rate	19.37%	13.82%	18.55%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	19.86%	14.24%	18.97%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Central School District #13J

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$47,983,787	\$41,237,447
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	2,910,191	2,247,584
Side account	20,877,521	22,134,930
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	30,016,457	21,350,101
Combined valuation payroll	16,903,776	15,809,804
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	178%	135%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(13.73%)	(14.73%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$2,302)	\$76,767

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$22,134,930	\$22,134,930
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(2,753,065)	(2,753,065)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,496,656	1,496,656
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$20,877,521	\$20,877,521

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$20,877,521	\$22,134,930
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$20,877,521	\$22,134,930

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$20,877,521	\$22,134,930
2. Combined valuation payroll	16,903,776	15,809,804
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(13.73%)	(14.73%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called "funding method," a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

City of Phoenix School District/3414
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017

City of Phoenix School District/3414

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
City of Phoenix School District/3414

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

City of Phoenix School District -- #3414

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for City of Phoenix School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to City of Phoenix School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for City of Phoenix School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(12.36%)	(12.36%)	(12.36%)
Net pension contribution rate	20.74%	15.19%	19.92%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	21.23%	15.61%	20.34%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

City of Phoenix School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$32,322,278	\$28,769,451
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,960,329	1,568,035
Side account	12,661,035	13,086,449
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	21,621,572	17,251,037
Combined valuation payroll	11,386,524	11,029,766
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	190%	156%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(12.36%)	(12.48%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,550)	\$53,557

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$13,086,449	\$13,086,449
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(1,324,257)	(1,324,257)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		899,843	899,843
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$12,661,035	\$12,661,035

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$12,661,035	\$13,086,449
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$12,661,035	\$13,086,449

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$12,661,035	\$13,086,449
2. Combined valuation payroll	11,386,524	11,029,766
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(12.36%)	(12.48%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Clackamas Education Service District/4259
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Clackamas Education Service District/4259

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Clackamas Education Service District/4259

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Clackamas Education Service District -- #4259

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Clackamas Education Service District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Clackamas Education Service District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Clackamas Education Service District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(11.86%)	(11.86%)	(11.86%)
Net pension contribution rate	21.24%	15.69%	20.42%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	21.73%	16.11%	20.84%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Clackamas Education Service District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$41,274,717	\$36,074,214
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	2,503,290	1,966,170
Side account	15,511,005	15,918,426
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	28,267,002	22,121,958
Combined valuation payroll	14,540,298	13,830,300
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	194%	160%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(11.86%)	(12.11%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,980)	\$67,155

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$15,918,426	\$15,918,426
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(1,505,862)	(1,505,862)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,099,442	1,099,442
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$15,511,005	\$15,511,005

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$15,511,005	\$15,918,426
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$15,511,005	\$15,918,426

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$15,511,005	\$15,918,426
2. Combined valuation payroll	14,540,298	13,830,300
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(11.86%)	(12.11%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called "funding method," a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Clatsop County School District #1C/3179
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Clatsop County School District #1C/3179

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Clatsop County School District #1C/3179

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Clatsop County School District #1C -- #3179

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Clatsop County School District #1C to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Clatsop County School District #1C.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Clatsop County School District #1C

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(23.82%)	(23.82%)	(23.82%)
Net pension contribution rate	9.28%	3.73%	8.46%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	9.77%	4.15%	8.88%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Clatsop County School District #1C

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$28,112,255	\$24,874,441
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,704,993	1,355,743
Side account	21,214,105	21,766,094
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	8,603,143	4,464,090
Combined valuation payroll	9,903,413	9,536,479
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	87%	47%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(23.82%)	(24.02%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,348)	\$46,306

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$21,766,094	\$21,766,094
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(2,057,463)	(2,057,463)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,506,474	1,506,474
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$21,214,105	\$21,214,105

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$21,214,105	\$21,766,094
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$21,214,105	\$21,766,094

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$21,214,105	\$21,766,094
2. Combined valuation payroll	9,903,413	9,536,479
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(23.82%)	(24.02%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Coos Bay School District #9/3242
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Coos Bay School District #9/3242

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Coos Bay School District #9/3242

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Coos Bay School District #9 -- #3242

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Coos Bay School District #9 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Coos Bay School District #9.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Coos Bay School District #9

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(6.89%)	(6.89%)	(6.89%)
Net pension contribution rate	26.21%	20.66%	25.39%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	26.70%	21.08%	25.81%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Coos Bay School District #9

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$36,840,100	\$33,016,134
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	2,234,332	1,799,494
Side account	8,039,203	8,441,148
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	31,035,229	26,374,480
Combined valuation payroll	12,978,067	12,657,879
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	239%	208%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(6.89%)	(7.02%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,767)	\$61,462

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$8,441,148	\$8,441,148
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(978,052)	(978,052)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		577,108	577,108
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$8,039,203	\$8,039,203

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$8,039,203	\$8,441,148
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$8,039,203	\$8,441,148

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$8,039,203	\$8,441,148
2. Combined valuation payroll	12,978,067	12,657,879
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(6.89%)	(7.02%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Corvallis School District #509J/3039
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Corvallis School District #509J/3039

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Corvallis School District #509J/3039

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Corvallis School District #509J -- #3039

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Corvallis School District #509J to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Corvallis School District #509J.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Corvallis School District #509J

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(11.22%)	(11.22%)	(11.22%)
Net pension contribution rate	21.88%	16.33%	21.06%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	22.37%	16.75%	21.48%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Corvallis School District #509J

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$97,700,889	\$80,221,313
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	5,925,507	4,372,340
Side account	35,427,862	37,621,340
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	68,198,534	46,972,313
Combined valuation payroll	34,418,166	30,755,620
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	198%	153%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(11.22%)	(12.64%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$4,686)	\$149,339

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$37,621,340	\$37,621,340
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(3,000)	(3,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(4,722,824)	(4,722,824)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		2,532,346	2,532,346
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$35,427,862	\$35,427,862

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$25,962,267	\$27,640,800
Side Account 2	3,675,316	3,914,237
Side Account 3	5,790,278	6,066,303
Total	\$35,427,862	\$37,621,340

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$35,427,862	\$37,621,340
2. Combined valuation payroll	34,418,166	30,755,620
3. Average amortization factor	9.183	9.680
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(11.22%)	(12.64%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called "funding method," a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Creswell School District #40/3502
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Creswell School District #40/3502

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Creswell School District #40/3502

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Creswell School District #40 -- #3502

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Creswell School District #40 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Creswell School District #40.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Creswell School District #40

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(4.62%)	(4.62%)	(4.62%)
Net pension contribution rate	28.48%	22.93%	27.66%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	28.97%	23.35%	28.08%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Creswell School District #40

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$18,083,011	\$16,112,494
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,096,725	878,187
Side account	2,646,959	2,769,038
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	16,532,777	14,221,643
Combined valuation payroll	6,370,301	6,177,283
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	260%	230%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(4.62%)	(4.72%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$867)	\$29,995

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer's combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$2,769,038	\$2,769,038
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(310,703)	(310,703)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		189,624	189,624
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$2,646,959	\$2,646,959

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$2,646,959	\$2,769,038
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$2,646,959	\$2,769,038

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$2,646,959	\$2,769,038
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,370,301	6,177,283
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(4.62%)	(4.72%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called "funding method," a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Crook County School District/3274
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Crook County School District/3274

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Crook County School District/3274

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Crook County School District -- #3274

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Crook County School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Crook County School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Crook County School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(20.65%)	(20.65%)	(20.65%)
Net pension contribution rate	12.45%	6.90%	11.63%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	12.94%	7.32%	12.05%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Crook County School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$40,733,458	\$35,880,970
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	2,470,463	1,955,637
Side account	26,658,112	27,352,240
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	16,545,809	10,484,367
Combined valuation payroll	14,349,623	13,756,213
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	115%	76%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(20.65%)	(20.92%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,954)	\$66,795

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$27,352,240	\$27,352,240
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(2,000)	(2,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(2,562,387)	(2,562,387)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,870,259	1,870,259
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$26,658,112	\$26,658,112

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$11,544,103	\$11,898,544
Side Account 2	15,114,010	15,453,696
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$26,658,112	\$27,352,240

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$26,658,112	\$27,352,240
2. Combined valuation payroll	14,349,623	13,756,213
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(20.65%)	(20.92%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

David Douglas School District/3843
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
David Douglas School District/3843

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
David Douglas School District/3843

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

David Douglas School District -- #3843

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for David Douglas School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to David Douglas School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for David Douglas School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(3.30%)	(3.30%)	(3.30%)
Net pension contribution rate	29.80%	24.25%	28.98%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	30.29%	24.67%	29.40%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

David Douglas School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$207,632,898	\$179,885,648
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	12,592,824	9,804,393
Side account	21,738,903	23,238,571
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	198,486,819	166,451,470
Combined valuation payroll	73,145,123	68,965,396
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	271%	241%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(3.30%)	(3.55%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$9,959)	\$334,872

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$23,238,571	\$23,238,571
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(3,053,421)	(3,053,421)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,554,753	1,554,753
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$21,738,903	\$21,738,903

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$21,738,903	\$23,238,571
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$21,738,903	\$23,238,571

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$21,738,903	\$23,238,571
2. Combined valuation payroll	73,145,123	68,965,396
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(3.30%)	(3.55%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Dayton Public Schools/4291
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Dayton Public Schools/4291

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Dayton Public Schools/4291

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Dayton Public Schools -- #4291

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Dayton Public Schools to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Dayton Public Schools.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Dayton Public Schools

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(17.97%)	(17.97%)	(17.97%)
Net pension contribution rate	15.13%	9.58%	14.31%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	15.62%	10.00%	14.73%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Dayton Public Schools

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$13,950,279	\$12,431,212
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	846,077	677,544
Side account	7,942,986	8,366,046
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	6,853,370	4,742,710
Combined valuation payroll	4,914,418	4,765,936
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	139%	100%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(17.97%)	(18.47%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$669)	\$23,142

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$8,366,046	\$8,366,046
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(2,000)	(2,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(988,072)	(988,072)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		567,011	567,011
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$7,942,986	\$7,942,986

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$3,374,470	\$3,550,964
Side Account 2	4,568,515	4,815,082
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$7,942,986	\$8,366,046

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$7,942,986	\$8,366,046
2. Combined valuation payroll	4,914,418	4,765,936
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(17.97%)	(18.47%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Douglas Education Service District/4237
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Douglas Education Service District/4237

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Douglas Education Service District/4237

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Douglas Education Service District -- #4237

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Douglas Education Service District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Douglas Education Service District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Douglas Education Service District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(4.56%)	(4.56%)	(4.56%)
Net pension contribution rate	28.54%	22.99%	27.72%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	29.03%	23.41%	28.14%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Douglas Education Service District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$28,315,297	\$23,428,604
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,717,308	1,276,940
Side account	4,086,567	4,282,207
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	25,946,038	20,423,337
Combined valuation payroll	9,974,941	8,982,167
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	260%	227%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(4.56%)	(5.02%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,358)	\$43,614

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$4,282,206	\$4,282,206
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(486,221)	(486,221)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		291,582	291,582
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$4,086,567	\$4,086,567

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$4,086,567	\$4,282,207
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$4,086,567	\$4,282,206

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$4,086,567	\$4,282,206
2. Combined valuation payroll	9,974,941	8,982,167
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(4.56%)	(5.02%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Echo School District/3927
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Echo School District/3927

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Echo School District/3927

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Echo School District -- #3927

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Echo School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Echo School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Echo School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(11.46%)	(11.46%)	(11.46%)
Net pension contribution rate	21.64%	16.09%	20.82%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	22.13%	16.51%	21.24%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Echo School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$4,471,277	\$4,093,304
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	271,181	223,099
Side account	1,623,610	1,741,617
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	3,118,848	2,574,786
Combined valuation payroll	1,575,146	1,569,310
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	198%	164%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(11.46%)	(11.68%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$214)	\$7,620

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$1,741,617	\$1,741,617
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(232,804)	(232,804)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		115,797	115,797
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$1,623,610	\$1,623,610

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$1,623,610	\$1,741,617
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$1,623,610	\$1,741,617

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$1,623,610	\$1,741,617
2. Combined valuation payroll	1,575,146	1,569,310
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(11.46%)	(11.68%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called "funding method," a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Estacada School District #108/4323
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Estacada School District #108/4323

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Estacada School District #108/4323

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Estacada School District #108 -- #4323

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Estacada School District #108 to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Estacada School District #108.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Estacada School District #108

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(12.15%)	(12.15%)	(12.15%)
Net pension contribution rate	20.95%	15.40%	20.13%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	21.44%	15.82%	20.55%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Estacada School District #108

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$27,884,573	\$23,076,511
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,691,184	1,257,750
Side account	10,731,240	11,248,659
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	18,844,517	13,085,602
Combined valuation payroll	9,823,205	8,847,180
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	192%	148%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(12.15%)	(13.38%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$1,338)	\$42,959

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$11,248,659	\$11,248,659
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(1,285,742)	(1,285,742)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		769,323	769,323
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$10,731,240	\$10,731,240

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$10,731,240	\$11,248,659
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$10,731,240	\$11,248,659

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$10,731,240	\$11,248,659
2. Combined valuation payroll	9,823,205	8,847,180
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(12.15%)	(13.38%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Eugene School District 4J/3473
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Eugene School District 4J/3473

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Eugene School District 4J/3473

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Eugene School District 4J -- #3473

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Eugene School District 4J to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Eugene School District 4J.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Eugene School District 4J

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(5.48%)	(5.48%)	(5.48%)
Net pension contribution rate	27.62%	22.07%	26.80%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	28.11%	22.49%	27.22%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Eugene School District 4J

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$257,557,125	\$228,198,623
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	15,620,702	12,437,618
Side account	44,684,535	46,835,207
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	228,493,292	193,801,034
Combined valuation payroll	90,732,479	87,487,849
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	252%	222%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(5.48%)	(5.63%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$12,354)	\$424,811

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$46,835,207	\$46,835,207
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(5,336,708)	(5,336,708)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		3,187,036	3,187,036
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$44,684,535	\$44,684,535

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$44,684,535	\$46,835,207
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$44,684,535	\$46,835,207

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$44,684,535	\$46,835,207
2. Combined valuation payroll	90,732,479	87,487,849
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(5.48%)	(5.63%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Falls City School District/3887
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Falls City School District/3887

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Falls City School District/3887

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Falls City School District -- #3887

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Falls City School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Falls City School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Falls City School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(24.03%)	(24.03%)	(24.03%)
Net pension contribution rate	9.07%	3.52%	8.25%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	9.56%	3.94%	8.67%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Falls City School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$2,768,412	\$2,896,305
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	167,903	157,859
Side account	2,107,941	2,174,938
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	828,374	879,226
Combined valuation payroll	975,259	1,110,399
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	85%	79%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(24.03%)	(20.61%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$133)	\$5,392

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$2,174,938	\$2,174,938
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(214,844)	(214,844)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		148,847	148,847
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$2,107,941	\$2,107,941

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$2,107,941	\$2,174,938
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$2,107,941	\$2,174,938

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$2,107,941	\$2,174,938
2. Combined valuation payroll	975,259	1,110,399
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(24.03%)	(20.61%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Fern Ridge School District/3494
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Fern Ridge School District/3494

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Fern Ridge School District/3494

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Fern Ridge School District -- #3494

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Fern Ridge School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Fern Ridge School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Fern Ridge School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(13.07%)	(13.07%)	(13.07%)
Net pension contribution rate	20.03%	14.48%	19.21%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	20.52%	14.90%	19.63%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Fern Ridge School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$17,511,941	\$15,760,469
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	1,062,090	859,000
Side account	7,253,341	7,601,744
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	11,320,690	9,017,725
Combined valuation payroll	6,169,124	6,042,322
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	184%	149%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(13.07%)	(13.24%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$840)	\$29,339

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$7,601,744	\$7,601,744
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(857,634)	(857,634)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		510,231	510,231
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 (1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)		\$7,253,341	\$7,253,341

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$7,253,341	\$7,601,744
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$7,253,341	\$7,601,744

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$7,253,341	\$7,601,744
2. Combined valuation payroll	6,169,124	6,042,322
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(13.07%)	(13.24%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called “funding method,” a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.

November 2017

Forest Grove School District/4313
Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Sir or Madam:

As part of our engagement with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Board, we performed a system-wide actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (“PERS” or “the System”) as of December 31, 2016. Information is also provided to assist you in preparing your required financial reporting disclosures under Statement 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This valuation is advisory and does not affect employer contribution rates. Employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 will be calculated in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

This report reflects the benefit provisions in effect as of December 31, 2016. The full development of the valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, OPSRP, and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) can be found in the separate system-wide actuarial valuation report. Costs of the IAP (Individual Account Program) are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report. Further, costs of pension obligation bond payments are not included in this or the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

If you have any questions about this report, please contact Debra Hembree, Actuarial Services Coordinator at Oregon PERS, at 503 603 7704 or Debra.Hembree@state.or.us.

Contents of Report

The executive summary provides the basic information you need including:

- Contribution rates for Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP general service, and OPSRP police and fire payroll,
- Information to assist you in completing GASB 45 financial reporting requirements, and
- A summary of principal valuation results.

The remainder of the report provides additional information including:

- Side account balances, transactions and rate relief,
- A brief summary of methods and assumptions, and
- A brief summary of any changes in System benefit provisions.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report, which is available at www.oregon.gov/PERS/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.



November 2017
Forest Grove School District/4313

In preparing this report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some in writing) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, System benefit provisions as defined by statute, member census data, and financial information. We found this information to be reasonably consistent and comparable with information used for other purposes. The valuation results depend on the integrity of this information. If any of this information is inaccurate or incomplete our results may be different and our calculations may need to be revised.

All costs, liabilities, rates of interest, and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer a reasonable estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System.

A valuation report is only an estimate of the System's financial condition as of a single date. It can neither predict the System's future condition nor guarantee future financial soundness. Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of System benefits, only the timing of System contributions. While a valuation is based on an array of individually reasonable assumptions, other assumption sets may also be reasonable and valuation results based on those assumptions would be different. No one set of assumptions is uniquely correct.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: System experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the System's funded status); and changes in System benefit provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of future measurements. The Board has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in July 2017.

Some of the actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of estimating the contribution rates effective from July 2019 to June 2021 for System employers. Other actuarial computations presented in this report under GASB Statement No. 45 are for purposes of assisting System employers in fulfilling their financial reporting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals. The calculations in this report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System benefit provisions described in the appendixes of this report, and of GASB Statement No. 45. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.



November 2017
Forest Grove School District/4313

This report is prepared solely for the use and benefit of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, the employer named above, or its auditors solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. To the extent that this report is not subject to disclosure under applicable public records laws, it may not be provided to other third parties without Milliman's prior written consent. Milliman does not intend to benefit or create a legal duty to any third party recipient of this report. Milliman's consent to release this report to any third party may be conditioned on the third party signing a release except for situations where such release is prohibited by law.

No third party recipient of this report should rely upon Milliman's work contained herein. Such recipients should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to their own specific needs.

The consultants who worked on this assignment are actuaries. Milliman's advice is not intended to be a substitute for qualified legal or accounting counsel.

The signing actuaries are independent of the System. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices. We are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

Additional information is provided in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Larrabee'.

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Preppernau'.

Scott Preppernau, FSA, EA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary



ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2016

OREGON PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHOOL DISTRICT POOL

Forest Grove School District -- #4313

November 2017

CONTENTS

Executive Summary 1

Employer Contribution Rates 1

Accounting Information 3

Principal Valuation Results 5

 ▪ Employer 5

 ▪ School District Pool 6

 ▪ OPSRP 7

 ▪ Retiree Healthcare 7

Side Account Information 8

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions 10

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions 12

Glossary 13

Executive Summary

Milliman has prepared this report for Forest Grove School District to:

- Provide summary December 31, 2016 valuation results for the Tier 1/Tier 2 School District Pool, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), and the Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA),
- Provide advisory information calculated as of December 31, 2016 on estimated employer-specific contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021,
- Provide employer-specific information on side accounts as of December 31, 2016, and
- Provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements for governmental agencies and pursuant to GASB Statement Number 45. GASB 68 information will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

This report summarizes the valuation results for the School District Pool, OPSRP, and RHIA. The full development of these results can be found in the December 31, 2016 system-wide actuarial valuation report. This report develops employer-specific side account rates and applies the results from the system-wide valuation to Forest Grove School District.

Employer Contribution Rates

The following table summarizes the employer contribution rates calculated as of December 31, 2016 for each type of payroll. There are separate normal cost rates for each of the payrolls based on the benefit structure supported by that payroll. The other rates apply to all payrolls regardless of the benefit structure to which they are attributed.

Advisory 2019 - 2021 Employer Rates Calculated as of December 31, 2016 for Forest Grove School District

	Payroll		
	Tier 1/Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police & Fire
Pension			
Normal cost rate	14.04%	8.49%	13.22%
Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL rate ¹	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
OPSRP UAL rate	1.56%	1.56%	1.56%
Side account rate relief ²	(7.40%)	(7.40%)	(7.40%)
Net pension contribution rate	25.70%	20.15%	24.88%
Retiree Healthcare			
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.42%	0.42%
Net retiree healthcare rate	0.49%	0.42%	0.42%
Total net employer contribution rate	26.19%	20.57%	25.30%

In this report, the payroll of Tier 1 and Tier 2 members is referred to as Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll. Combined valuation payroll refers to the payroll for Tier 1/Tier 2 members, OPSRP general service members and OPSRP police and fire members.

¹ Includes Multnomah Fire District #10 rate.

² The side account rate relief shown may be reduced for each individual payroll such that the net pension contribution rate for that payroll does not go below 0.00%.

Executive Summary

Employer Contribution Rates (continued)

Range of Potential Tier 1/Tier 2 Employer Pension Contribution Rates for the July 2019 to June 2021 Biennium

The rate collar limits changes in contribution rates for the rate pool, but does not limit changes in rates for individual employers related to side accounts. The table below shows the possible minimum and maximum rates for the School District Pool first effective as of July 1, 2019, which will depend on the funded status as of December 31, 2017. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is less than 60 percent or greater than 140 percent, the rate collar doubles in size. If the Pool's funded status excluding side accounts is between 60 and 70 percent or between 130 and 140 percent, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale. The rates shown are before any adjustment for side account rate offsets.

For comparison, the Pool's funded status as of December 31, 2016 is 68%.

Funded Status as of December 31, 2017	70% to 130%	Under 60% or Over 140%
2017-2019 Normal Cost + Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL Rate	25.43%	25.43%
Minimum 2019-2021 Rate	20.34%	15.25%
Maximum 2019-2021 Rate	30.52%	35.61%

For individual school districts, the School District Pool rate is adjusted for any rate relief provided by a side account rate offset.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information

Milliman is not an accounting or audit firm and cannot provide accounting advice. Milliman is not responsible for the interpretation of, or compliance with, accounting standards; citations to, and descriptions of accounting standards provided in this report are for reference purposes only. The information provided in this section is intended to assist the employer in completing its financial statements, but any accounting determination should be reviewed by your auditor.

Pension

In June 2012 the GASB issued Statement No. 68, which replaced GASB 27 and governs employer financial reporting for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. The new standard replaced many of the key elements of the prior reporting requirements. Under the new rules, employers are required to record a balance sheet liability for their unfunded pension obligations. In addition, the timing and coordination of plan and employer reporting has changed under the new requirements. GASB 68 information for employers will be provided separately by PERS and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Accounting Information (continued)

Retiree Healthcare

The Retiree Health Insurance Account (RHIA) is a cost-sharing pool under GASB 45. The contractually required contribution for retiree healthcare liabilities for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was calculated as a part of the December 31, 2015 valuation, and is expressed as contribution rates that are applied to the appropriate payroll. The rates and appropriate payroll are shown in the table below.

Contractually Required Contribution Rate

	Payroll		
	Tier 1 / Tier 2	OPSRP	
		General Service	Police and Fire
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2017	0.53%	0.45%	0.45%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019	0.50%	0.43%	0.43%

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement 75, which will replace GASB 45 and govern employer financial reporting for retiree healthcare obligations for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. In general, the changes required by GASB 75 parallel those that occurred for pension reporting when GASB 68 replaced GASB 27. Accounting information for reporting under GASB 75 will be provided separately and is not included in this report.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in actuarial assumptions, methods or plan provisions between the two valuations are described later in this report. More detailed information can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

District-specific valuation results are only shown for districts with a side account as valuation results for districts without a side account are fully summarized by the School District Pool results, which are shown on the next page.

Forest Grove School District

	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Allocated pooled T1/T2 UAL	\$95,324,772	\$81,745,973
Allocated pooled OPSRP UAL	5,781,397	4,455,439
Side account	22,358,652	23,833,313
Net unfunded pension actuarial accrued liability	78,747,517	62,368,099
Combined valuation payroll	33,581,105	31,340,151
Net pension UAL as a percentage of payroll	235%	199%
Calculated Side Account Rate Relief	(7.40%)	(8.00%)
Allocated Pooled RHIA UAL	(\$4,572)	\$152,177

In the above exhibit, UAL amounts for the various pools (School District Tier 1/Tier 2 Pension, OPSRP, and RHIA) are allocated pro-rata based on the ratio of an employer’s combined valuation payroll to that of the applicable pool. This allocation differs from the proportionate share of Net Pension Liability (NPL) that will be allocated to employers under GASB 68.

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

School District Pool

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$215.1	\$209.7
Tier 1/Tier 2 valuation payroll	1,532.7	1,578.8
Normal cost rate	14.04%	13.28%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$29,152.2	\$27,670.7
Actuarial asset value	19,952.9	19,687.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	9,199.2	7,983.4
Funded status	68%	71%
Combined valuation payroll	\$3,240.7	\$3,060.7
UAL as a percentage of payroll	284%	261%
UAL rate (includes Multnomah Fire District #10)	17.50%	12.15%
Tier 1/Tier 2 Active Members		
▪ Count	26,180	28,114
▪ Average Age	52.6	52.2
▪ Average Service	19.2	18.5
▪ Average Valuation Payroll	\$58,545	\$56,157
Tier 1/Tier 2 Dormant Members		
▪ Count	12,865	12,964
▪ Average Age	55.8	55.0
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$993	\$988
Tier 1/Tier 2 Retirees and Beneficiaries		
▪ Count	65,696	65,030
▪ Average Age	72.2	71.9
▪ Average Monthly Benefit	\$2,191	\$2,143

Executive Summary

Principal Valuation Results (continued)

OPSRP

(\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
General service normal cost	\$402.9	\$342.2
OPSRP general service valuation payroll	4,746.4	4,266.9
General service normal cost rate	8.49%	8.02%
Police and fire normal cost	\$80.6	\$69.9
OPSRP police and fire valuation payroll	609.4	546.4
Police and fire normal cost rate	13.22%	12.79%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$4,717.0	\$3,742.5
Actuarial asset value	3,021.4	2,389.1
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,695.6	1,353.5
Funded status	64%	64%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	17%	14%
UAL rate	1.56%	1.27%

Retiree Healthcare

RHIA (\$ in millions)	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Normal cost	\$3.0	\$3.3
Tier 1 / Tier 2 valuation payroll	4,516.7	4,730.8
Normal cost rate	0.07%	0.07%
Actuarial accrued liability	\$463.7	\$465.6
Actuarial asset value	465.0	419.3
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(1.3)	46.3
Funded status	100%	90%
Combined valuation payroll	\$9,872.6	\$9,544.1
UAL as a percentage of payroll	0%	0%
UAL rate	0.42%	0.43%

Side Account Information

Reconciliation of Side Accounts

The following table reconciles the total side account from the beginning of the year to the end of the year. Side account transfers were calculated by PERS and made on a monthly basis. The amount of these transfers is shown in the table below.

All information in this table has been provided by PERS.

	New	Continuing	Total
1. Side account as of December 31, 2015	N/A	\$23,833,313	\$23,833,313
2. Deposits during 2016		N/A	
3. Administrative expenses		(1,000)	(1,000)
4. Amount transferred to employer reserves during 2016		(3,079,274)	(3,079,274)
5. Side account earnings during 2016		1,605,614	1,605,614
6. Side account as of December 31, 2016 <i>(1. + 2. + 3. + 4. + 5.)</i>		\$22,358,652	\$22,358,652

Side Account Information

Side Account Balances

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Side Account 1	\$22,358,652	\$23,833,313
Side Account 2	0	0
Side Account 3	0	0
Total	\$22,358,652	\$23,833,313

Development of Side Account Rate

The rate relief attributable to an employer’s side account is determined by amortizing the side account balance on the valuation date over a fixed period, and expressing the result as a percentage of combined valuation payroll. For side accounts established prior to December 31, 2009, the fixed period ends December 31, 2027. For side accounts established at a later date, the fixed period ends 18 years after the first rate-setting valuation following its creation.

	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
1. Total side account	\$22,358,652	\$23,833,313
2. Combined valuation payroll	33,581,105	31,340,151
3. Average amortization factor	8.994	9.504
4. Total side account rate (-1. ÷ 2. ÷ 3.) ¹	(7.40%)	(8.00%)

¹ For employers with more than one side account, the total side account rate is determined by calculating the rate on each side account separately and adding the rates together.

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A detailed summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to prepare the December 31, 2016 valuation can be found in the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

A brief summary of the methods used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Actuarial cost method</i>	Entry Age Normal.
<i>Amortization Method</i>	<p>The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of combined payroll.</p> <p>The OPSRP UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 16 year period.</p> <p>The Retiree Healthcare UAL as of December 31, 2007 and experience in each subsequent biennium is amortized over a closed 10 year period.</p> <p>All existing Tier 1/Tier 2 UAL was re-amortized over a 20 year period as of the December 31, 2013 rate-setting valuation. Gains and losses between subsequent odd-year valuations will be amortized as a level percentage of projected combined valuation payroll over a closed 20 year period.</p>
<i>Asset valuation method</i>	Market value of assets, excluding reserves.
<i>Contribution rate stabilization method (rate collar)</i>	<p>Contribution rates for a rate pool (e.g. Tier 1/Tier 2 SLGRP, Tier 1/Tier 2 School Districts, OPSRP) or independent employer are confined to a collar based on the rate pool's prior pension contribution rate (excluding side account rate offsets). The new contribution rate generally will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percent of payroll or 20 percent of the current rate. If the funded percentage excluding side accounts drops below 60% or increases above 140%, the size of the collar doubles. If the funding percentage excluding side accounts is between 60% and 70% or between 130% and 140%, the size of the rate collar is increased on a graded scale.</p>

Economic Assumptions

A brief summary of the key economic assumptions used in this valuation is shown below:

<i>Net investment return</i>	7.20% compounded annually on system assets.
<i>Interest crediting</i>	<p>7.20% compounded annually on members' regular account balances.</p> <p>7.20% compounded annually on members' variable account balances.</p>
<i>Consumer price inflation</i>	2.50% per year.
<i>Future general wage inflation</i>	3.50% per year.
<i>Healthcare cost inflation</i>	Ranging from 7.5% in 2017 to 4.2% in 2093.
<i>Administrative Expenses</i>	<p>\$6.5 million added to OPSRP normal cost.</p> <p>\$37.5 million added to Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost.</p>

Brief Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Changes Since Last Valuation

The key changes since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation are described briefly below and are described in additional detail in the system-wide report.

Changes in Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

- **Allocation of Liability for Service Segments**

For allocating Tier 1/Tier 2 liability among multiple employers, the weighting between Money Match and Full Formula methodologies was updated to reflect expected future experience.

Changes in Economic Assumptions

- **Investment Return and Interest Crediting**

The assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was reduced to 7.20%. Previously, the assumed investment return and interest crediting to both regular and variable account balances was 7.50%.

- **Administrative Expenses**

Administrative expenses were assumed to be \$6.5 million per year for the OPSRP System and \$37.5 million per year for the Tier 1/Tier 2 System.

Changes in Demographic Assumptions

- **Mortality**

Mortality assumption uses RP-2014 base tables and mortality improvement scale based on 60-year unisex average Social Security experience.

- **Disability, Retirement, and Termination**

Rates for the disability, retirement, and termination assumptions were adjusted.

A complete summary of all assumptions used as part of the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation is contained in the system-wide report.

Brief Summary of Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions occurred since the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. A complete summary of the Tier 1/Tier 2, OPSRP, RHIA, and RHIPA plan provisions valued is provided as part of the system-wide actuarial valuation report.

Glossary

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The portion of the present value of prospective benefits allocated to service and compensation before the valuation date in accordance with the actuarial cost method.

Actuarial Asset Value

The value of assets used in calculating the required contributions. The actuarial asset value may be equal to the fair market value of assets, or it may spread the recognition of certain investment gains or losses over a period of years in accordance with an asset valuation method.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; rates of investment earnings and other relevant items.

Actuarial Cost Method

Sometimes called "funding method," a particular technique used by actuaries to establish the amount and incidence of the annual actuarial cost of pension plan benefits, or normal cost, and the related unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Ordinarily, the annual contribution to the plan comprises the normal cost and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Gain or (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

Combined Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for both Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate UAL rates.

Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

A single plan used to provide pensions to the employees of more than one employer wherein pension obligations are pooled and plan assets can be used to pay the benefits of the employees of any employer that provides pension through the plan.

Employer Contribution Rate

Consists of the normal cost rate and the UAL rates, plus adjustments for other items such as side account rate offsets.

Funded Status

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Normal Cost

The annual cost allocated to the current year, under the actuarial cost method in use. The normal cost divided by the applicable payroll is the normal cost rate.

OPSRP Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for OPSRP active members. This payroll is used to calculate OPSRP normal cost rates.

Glossary

Pre-SLGRP Liability

The sum of Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liabilities and Transition Liabilities.

Pre-SLGRP Pooled Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for a pool of employers that joined the SLGRP. There are currently two pre-SLGRP pools. One was created for State Agencies and Community Colleges when the SLGRP was formed. The other one was created when the Local Government Rate Pool joined the SLGRP.

Present Value

Sometimes called “actuarial present value,” the estimated cost (as of the valuation date) of a series of future payments. The present value is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Rate Collar

A methodology that defines the maximum permissible period-to-period change in the base employer contribution rate. The width of the rate collar is determined by the current contribution rate and funded status.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.

Statement No. 27 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 27)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions prior to GASB 68.

Statement No. 45 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 45)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions.

Statement No. 68 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 68)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014.

Statement No. 75 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB 75)

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer’s accounting for post-employment benefits other than pensions for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.

Tier 1/Tier 2 Valuation Payroll

Projected payroll subject to PERS employer contribution rates for the calendar year following the valuation date for Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members. This payroll is used to calculate the Tier 1/Tier 2 normal cost rate.

Transition Liability

The difference between the total UAL and the UAL attributable to the SLGRP for an individual employer that joined the SLGRP or the Local Government Rate Pool.

Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The UAL is divided by combined valuation payroll and an amortization factor to determine an initial pre-collar UAL rate. The final UAL rate can be adjusted by the rate collar.



Milliman
111 SW Fifth Avenue, Suite 3700
Portland, OR 97204-3654
503 227 0634

This work product was prepared solely for Oregon Public Employees Retirement System for the purposes stated herein, and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work. Milliman recommends that third parties be aided by their own actuary or other qualified professional when reviewing the Milliman work product.