

# Learning Collaborative: SHARE & HRS Community Benefit

Meeting #4: March 28, 2022









## Overview of Learning Collaborative

**Purpose:** To facilitate CCO peer sharing about Supporting Health for All through Reinvestment (SHARE) & Health Related Services (HRS) CBI program strategy & implementation

#### Goals:

- Increase learning, sharing and networking opportunities for CCOs
- Support CCO capacity building for implementing SHARE & HRS CBI

#### **Details:**

- Learning Collaboratives will happen on the 4<sup>th</sup> Monday of the month through June 2022
- Topic and agenda will be sent out in advance, guided by CCO needs
- Share questions in advance or bring them to the meeting

## Today's Agenda

- Welcome & Introductions
- Presentation on Return On Investment (ROI)
- Small group breakout discussions
- Large group discussion and reflections
- Evaluation & next steps

## Technology

- Please change your zoom name to add your CCO (Example: Mary Smith, CCO X)
- Participants feel free to unmute yourselves, type in the chat or use the raise hand function
- Reach out to Hannah Bryan or Anne King with any tech issues
- Participate actively, with video if you can
- Register if you haven't already (link in the chat)

## Group agreements

- Be present
- Step up and step back
- Others?

Identifying Return on Investment for Investments that Address the Social Determinants of Health and Equity (SDOH-E)

#### Return on Investment

**Return on Investment (ROI):** is a <u>performance measure</u> used to evaluate the <u>efficiency</u> of an investment or to compare the efficiency of various investment options. ROI tries to directly measure the amount of return on a particular investment, relative to the investment's cost.<sup>1</sup>

#### Why measure ROI?

- Measure and articulate impact
- Request from funder or leadership
- Budget allocation or justification
- Compare options

#### How to calculate ROI



Cost of Investment

**Example:** \$5,000 software program that promises to reduce 1,000 employee hours per year. Employees cost \$20/hour.

Net Benefit = 1,000 hours x \$20 per hour – initial investment of \$5,000 = \$15,000

### Measuring ROI

- 1. Develop a hypothesis
  - Include specific measures with direct ties to the program and to costs
  - Focus on a specific population
  - Determine baseline data
- 2. Measure or estimate impact
  - Track metrics and costs
  - Use existing data to understand potential impact
- 3. Calculate ROI
  - For more complex calculations, utilize an ROI tool

#### Care Coordination Example

Community-based care coordination using the Pathways to Health model for Medicaid members with select chronic conditions in Cincinnati, OH.



- hospital admissions
- emergency department (ED) visits
- outpatient visits
- prescription drug charges



Identify baseline metrics and program costs to calculate ROI.

#### Care Coordination Example

Health care service	Annual baseline utilization rate (per 1,000)	Annual baseline total charges (rate x unit costs)	Annual baseline charges per client	Percentage reduction	Annual savings	Savings per month	
Hospital admissions	333	\$380,634	\$7,930	69%	\$5,472	\$455.97	
ED visits	1,146	\$142,852	\$2,976	31%	\$923	\$76.88	
Ambulatory visits	8,540	\$349,638	\$7,284	14%	\$1,020	\$84.98	
Prescriptions	1,790	\$53,028	\$1,105	53%	\$586	\$48.79	
All services			\$19,295	41%	\$7,999	\$666.62	

Cost estimated at \$245 per member per month \$667 – \$245 = \$422 net benefit per member per month \$422 / \$245 \* 100 = 172% ROI

#### SDOH-E ROI Example

Demonstrate a measurable ROI by connecting cost avoidance opportunities to the leading medical conditions that drive readmission rates for high utilizers.

High level metric: reduce avoidable 30-day hospital readmissions

Key drivers:

- Mental health
- Substance abuse
- Diabetes

- Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
- Congestive heart failure (CHF)
- Asthma (out-patient)

Utilize local data, national benchmarks, or existing research to assess cost for each condition, and identify anticipated readmission avoidance.

Enter data into the ROI tool to find the anticipated ROI.

### Community Benefit ROI

Estimate impact by applying findings from existing research to your member population.

- Identify costs of implementing a program based on proposals or existing research
- Understand health benefits and cost savings based on available research
- Apply estimations to your own member population to estimate ROI

#### Diabetes Prevention Program (DPP) Example

Randomized Control Trial (RCT) conducted by NIH with 10 – 15 years of follow up data about impact.

- Program cost per participant: \$4,601
- Quality-Adjusted Life-Years (QALY) cost: \$10,037 (compared with \$60-70K)

<sup>1. &</sup>lt;a href="https://investinresults.org/blog/roi-population-health-evidencing-double-standard.html">https://investinresults.org/blog/roi-population-health-evidencing-double-standard.html</a>

<sup>2. &</sup>lt;a href="https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/116811/1/jech\_2016\_208141.full.pdf">https://eprints.whiterose.ac.uk/116811/1/jech\_2016\_208141.full.pdf</a>

<sup>3. &</sup>lt;a href="http://www.wsipp.wa.gov/BenefitCost">http://www.wsipp.wa.gov/BenefitCost</a>

<sup>4.</sup> https://www.niddk.nih.gov/about-niddk/research-areas/diabetes/diabetes-prevention-program-dpp?dkrd=prspt1922

<sup>5.</sup> https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22442395/

## Example Resource

#### **Public Health & Prevention**



For questions on benefit-cost results relating to Public Health & Prevention, contact Eva Westley.

Program name (click on the program name for more detail)	Date of last literature review	Total benefits <b>⇔</b>	Taxpayer benefits	Non- taxpayer benefits	Costs 👄	Benefits minus costs (net present value)	Benefit to cost ratio	Chance benefits will exceed costs	
School-based									
Positive Action	Sep. 2018	\$31,159	\$7,950	\$23,209	(\$1,063)	\$30,096	\$29.32	94 %	
School-based programs to increase physical activity	Nov. 2015	\$17,180	\$3,798	\$13,381	(\$493)	\$16,686	\$34.81	66 %	
Mentoring: School-based by teachers or staff	May. 2018	\$20,119	\$4,627	\$15,491	(\$3,469)	\$16,650	\$5.80	71 %	
Caring School Community (formerly Child Development Project)	Apr. 2018	\$11,517	\$2,631	\$8,886	(\$1,100)	\$10,417	\$10.47	60 %	
Good Behavior Game	Mar. 2018	\$10,073	\$2,749	\$7,324	(\$160)	\$9,913	\$62.80	76 %	
School-Wide Positive Behavioral Interventions and Supports (SWPBIS)	Jan. 2018	\$9,195	\$2,837	\$6,358	(\$651)	\$8,544	\$14.12	74 %	

#### ALL BENEFIT-COST META-ANALYSIS CITATIONS

Benefits to:			
Taxpayers	\$7,950	Benefits minus costs	\$30,096
Participants	\$8,979	Benefit to cost ratio	\$29.32
Others	\$12,673	Chance the program will produce	
Indirect	\$1,557	benefits greater than the costs	94 %
Total benefits	\$31,159		
Net program cost	(\$1,063)		
Benefits minus cost	\$30,096		

For an overview of WSIPP's Benefit-Cost Model, please see <u>this guide</u>. The estimates shown are present value, life cycle benefits and costs. All dollars are expressed in the base year chosen for this analysis (2018). The chance the benefits exceed the costs are derived from a Monte Carlo risk analysis. The details on this, as well as the economic discount rates and other relevant parameters are described in our <u>Technical Documentation</u>.

Meta-Analysis of Program Effects											
Outcomes measured	Treatment No. of effect sizes	No. of effect	Treatment N	Adjusted effect sizes(ES) and standard errors(SE) used in the benefit - cost analysis						Unadjusted effect size (random effects model)	
		sizes		First time ES is estimated			Second time ES is estimated			(random chects moder)	
				ES	SE	Age	ES	SE	Age	ES	p-value
Alcohol use before end of middle school	7	2	1169	-0.416	0.083	10	-0.416	0.083	20	-0.416	0.001
Anxiety disorder	7	1	193	-0.259	0.106	10	-0.103	0.088	11	-0.259	0.014
Body mass index (BMI) <sup>^</sup>	7	1	193	-0.220	0.105	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	-0.220	0.037
Cannabis use before end of middle school	7	1	193	-0.348	0.162	10	-0.348	0.162	20	-0.348	0.032
Crime	7	3	5625	-0.614	0.098	10	-0.614	0.098	20	-0.487	0.001
Illicit drug use before end of middle school	7	1	976	-0.771	0.203	10	-0.771	0.203	20	-0.771	0.001
Initiation of sexual activity	7	1	976	-1.039	0.214	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	-1.039	0.001
K-12 grade repetition	7	1	5754	-0.384	0.165	11	-0.384	0.165	11	-0.384	0.020
Major depressive disorder	7	1	193	-0.140	0.105	10	0.000	0.310	12	-0.140	0.185
Office discipline referrals <sup>^</sup>	7	3	27345	-0.159	0.127	10	n/a	n/a	n/a	-0.677	0.099
Click to expand											

### Limitations of ROI

- Complicated cost and clinical data
- Length of time needed to understand results
- Measures of health or health improvement can be difficult to identify and track
- Financial impact doesn't always capture the full picture

#### Breakouts

**Breakout 1:** Using current evaluation data to measure ROI

Breakout 2: How to get started measuring ROI

Breakout 3: Review an ROI tool

#### Introduce yourself

Name
Pronouns
CCO and role
In one word, how are you feeling today?

Make sure to choose someone to report back!





#### Key Takeaways

Share Learning Collaborative plans, successes and challenges discussed in breakout sessions.

### Evaluation

Please stick around to learn about upcoming technical assistance opportunities!

## Upcoming Learning Collaboratives

TBD based on TA Priorities Survey (out now!)

Have a suggestion? Email us at nancy055@gmail.com

## Other Technical Assistance Opportunities

- **Webinar:** April 13: Collaborating within your region to address housing and homelessness: An overview for CCOs from one Oregon region's experience
- Office Hours: SHARE Initiative deliverables

April 20, 9:30 – 10 am

Join at this link, no registration required

• May 18, 9:30 – 10 am

Call in: +1 971-277-2343,,878492774#

• June 15, 9:30 – 10 am

Phone Conference ID: 878 492 774#

- Survey: CCO SHARE, HRS & ILOS priorities survey for technical assistance (NOW OPEN!)
- Save the date! HRS Conference, September 20 23
- 1:1 Technical Assistance with Anne King & Nancy Goff